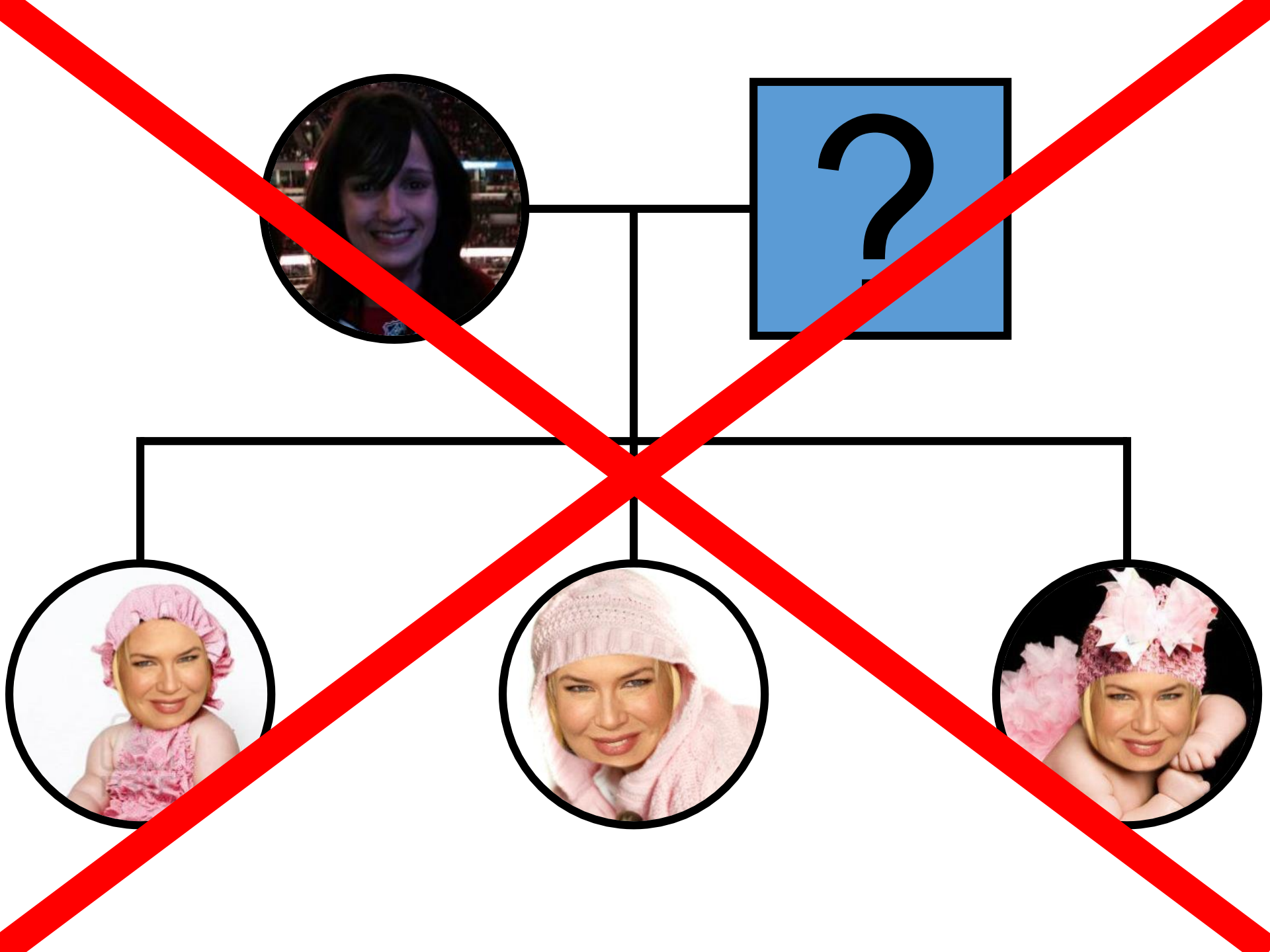
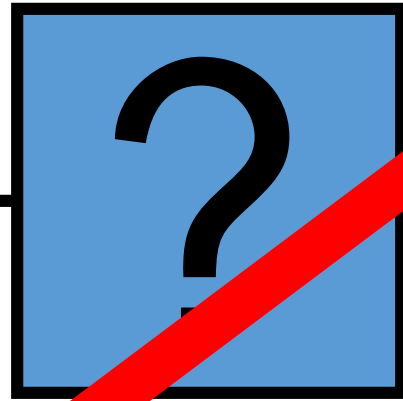


Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum and *PEX1*

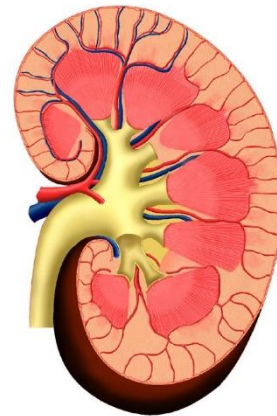
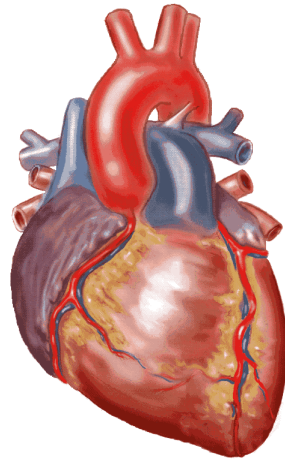
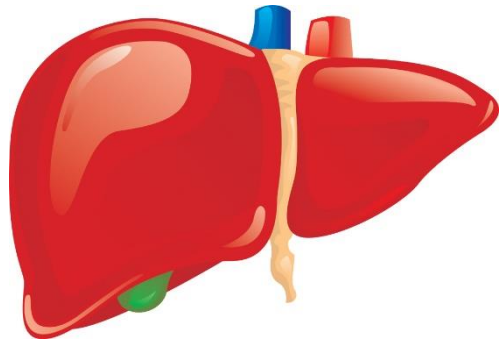
Gina Castelvechi



What is Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (ZSS)?



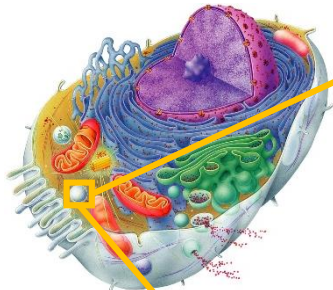
What are the symptoms of ZSS?



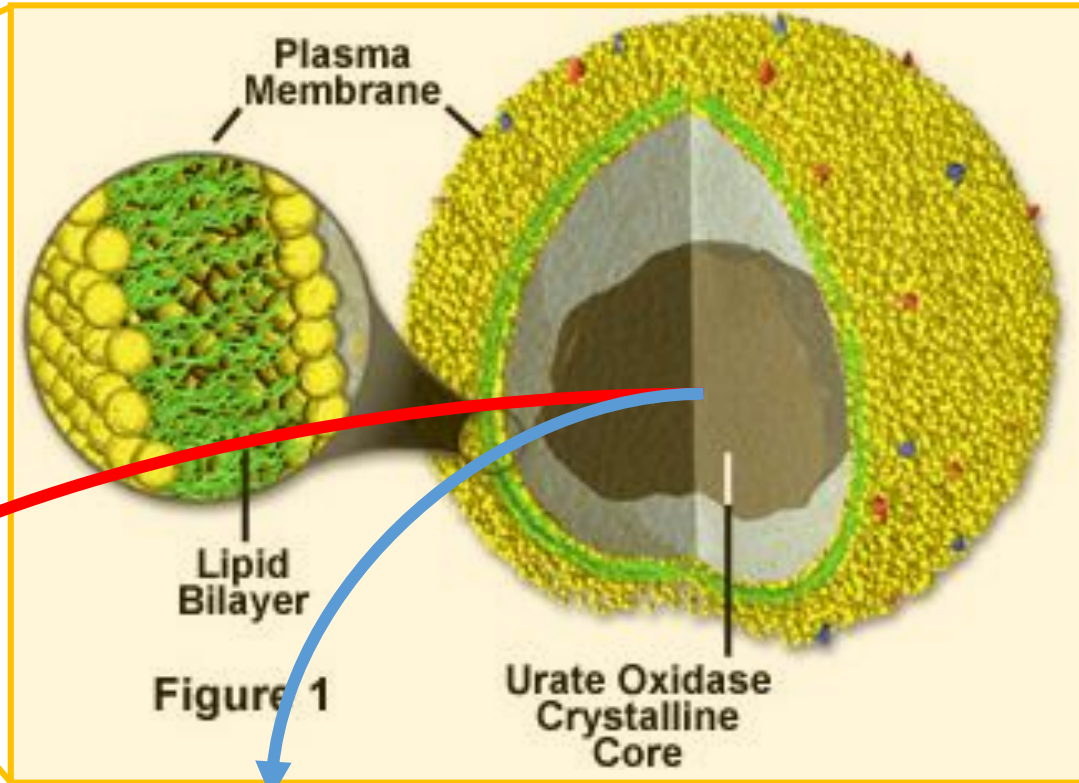
↑ long chain fatty acids

↓ plasmalogens

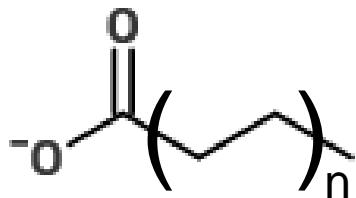
What are peroxisomes?



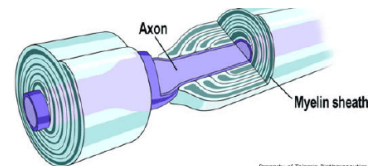
Copyright © 2010 Pearson Education, Inc. All rights reserved. See Pearson's Biotechnology.



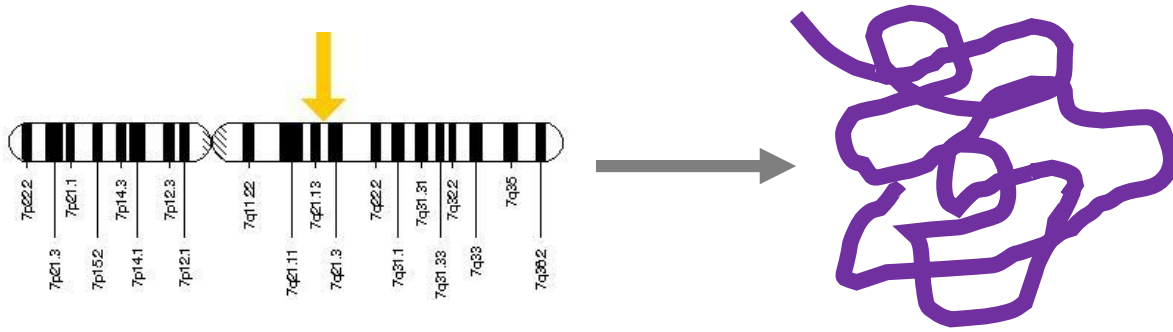
Breakdown:



Synthesis:
plasmalogens:

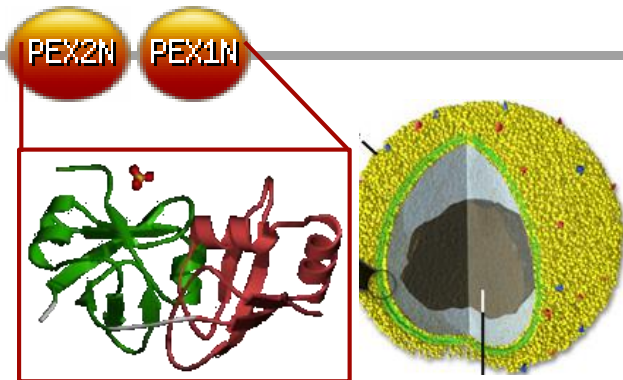


What is the genetic basis for ZSS?



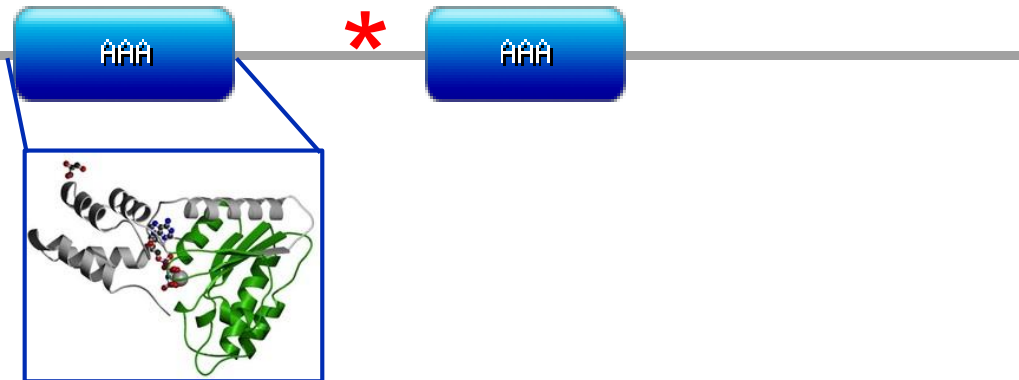
PEX1: C → A

PEX1: G843D
(misfolded)



PEX2N/PEX1N domain

Phospholipid binding

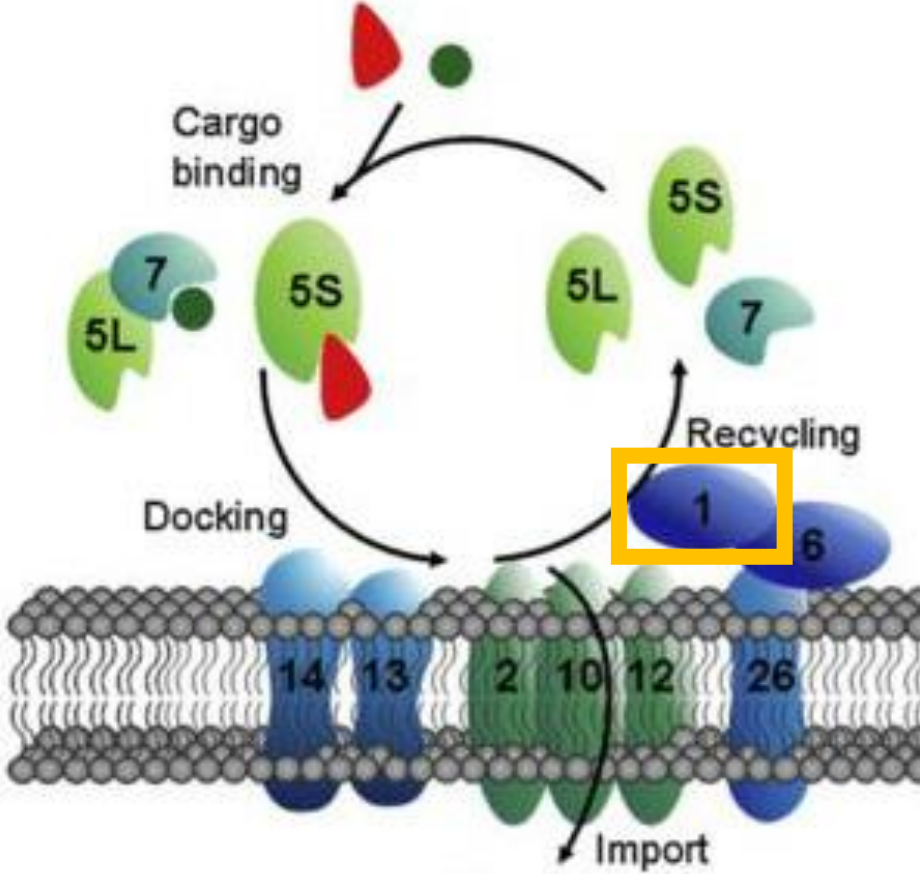


AAA ATPase domains

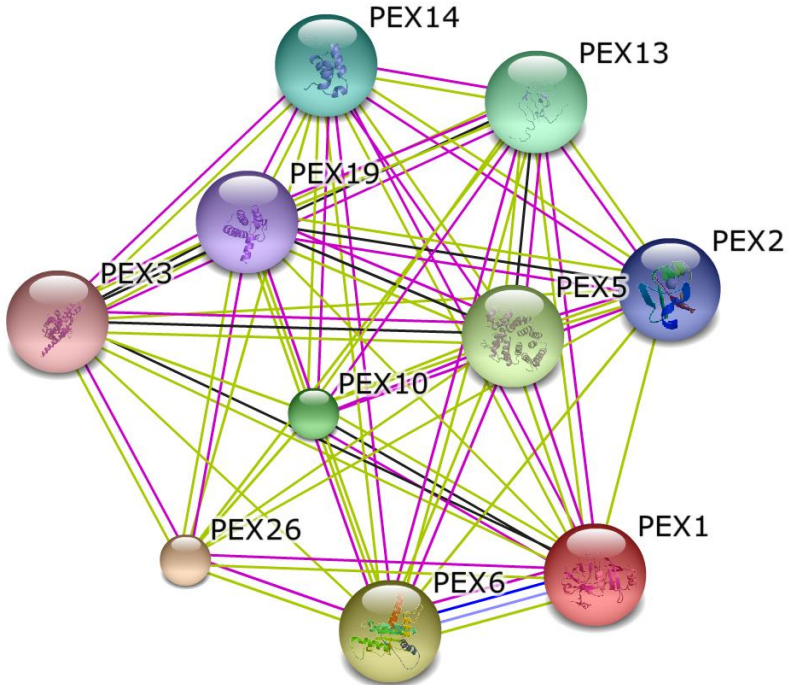
ATP hydrolysis

Protein-protein interaction

What is the role of *PEX1*?

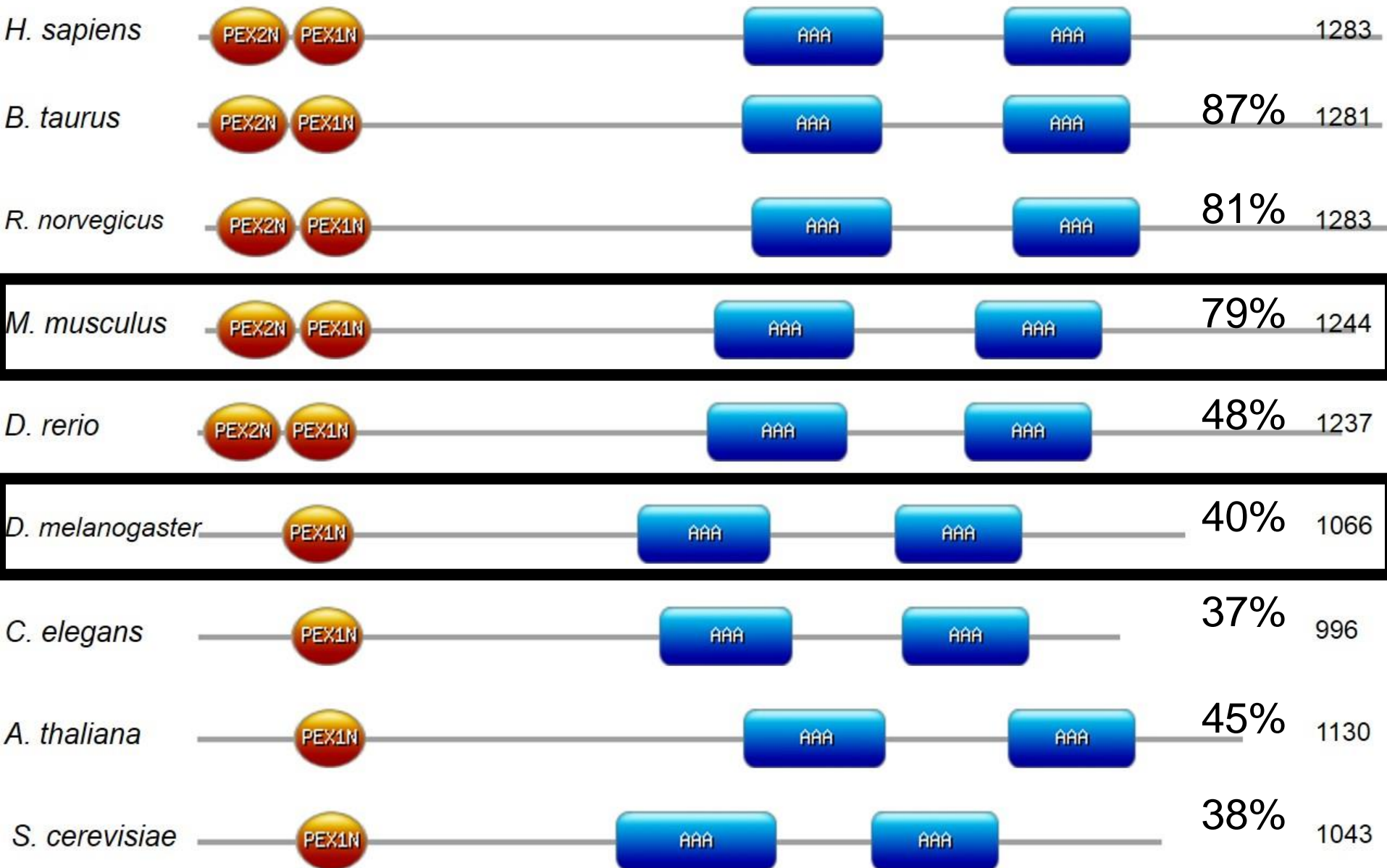


- PTS1 matrix protein
- PTS2 matrix protein
- Membrane protein

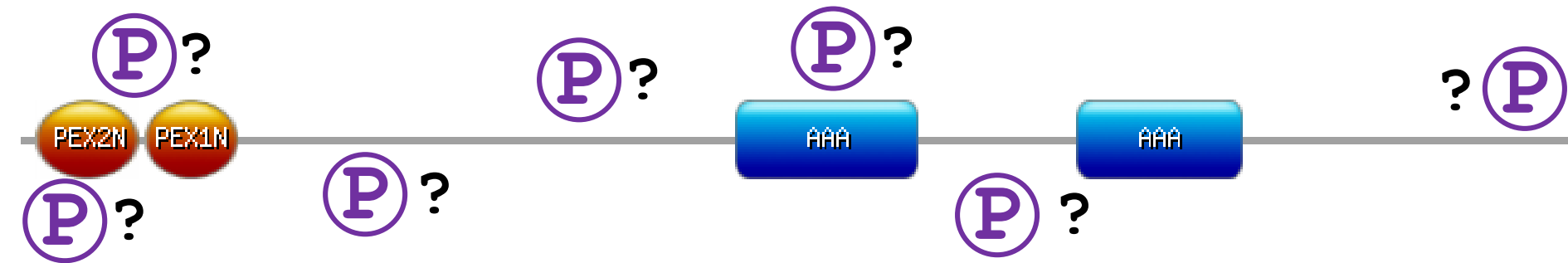


STRING

How well-conserved is PEX1?



Overall goal: to understand how phosphorylation affects PEX1 structure and function



Hypothesis:

Phosphorylation of PEX1 is required for proper tertiary structure and function

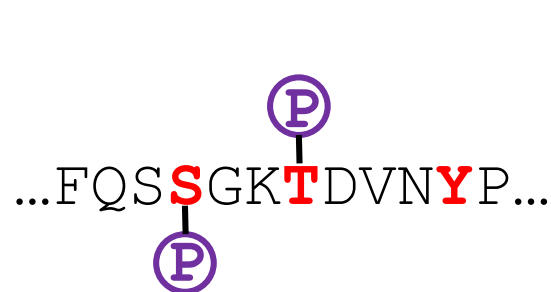
Aim 1:

Predict conserved phosphorylation sites

...FQ**SS**GK**T**DV**NY**P...
...FQ**SS**GK**T**DV**NY**P...
...FQL**S**GK**T**DV**NY**P...

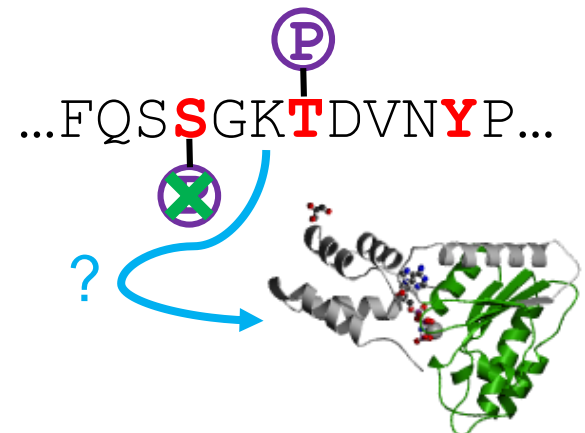
Aim 2:

Determine phosphorylated sites *in vivo*

...FQS **S**GK **T**DV**NY**P...


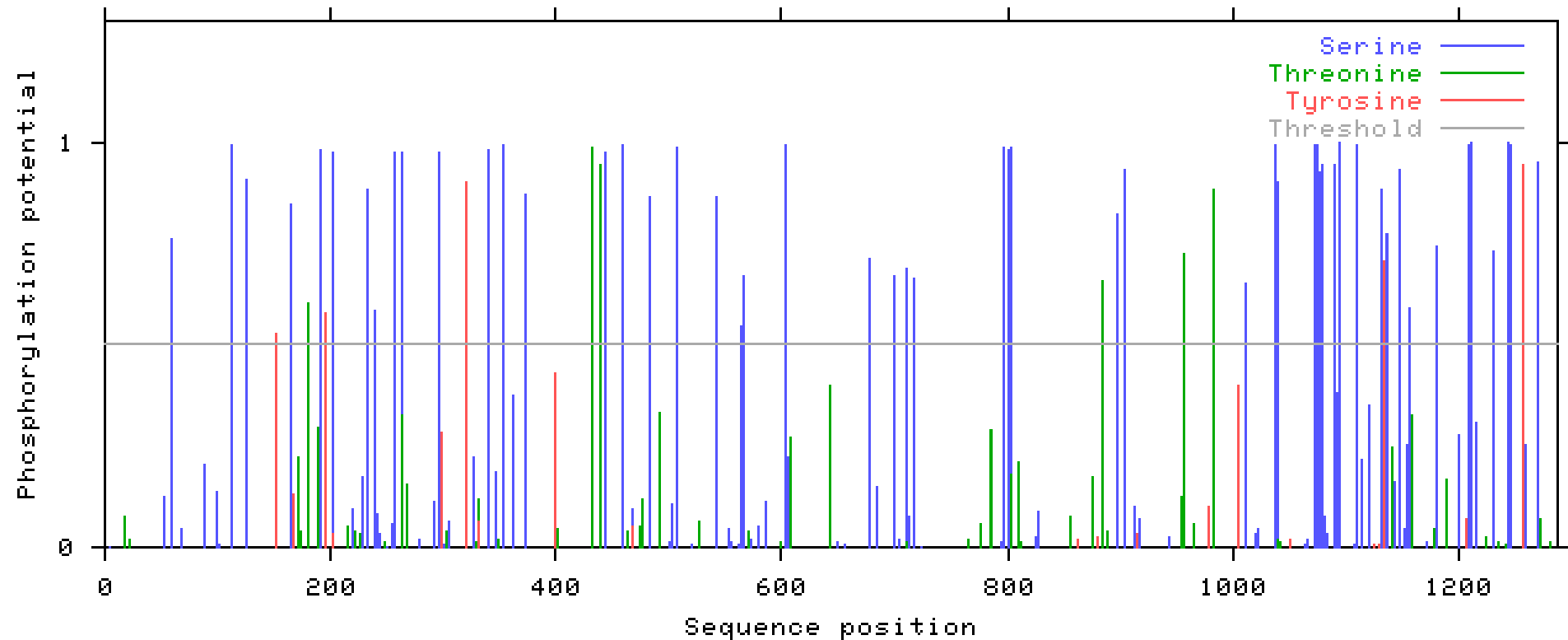
Aim 3:

Determine which phosphorylation sites are required

...FQS **S**GK **T**DV**NY**P...


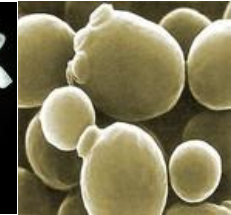
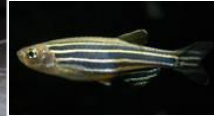
Aim 1: To identify predicted phosphorylation sites

Predicted phosphorylation sites in human PEX1



Data generated with NetPhos 2.0 from Tech U. of Denmark

Aim 1: To identify which predicted phosphorylation sites are conserved



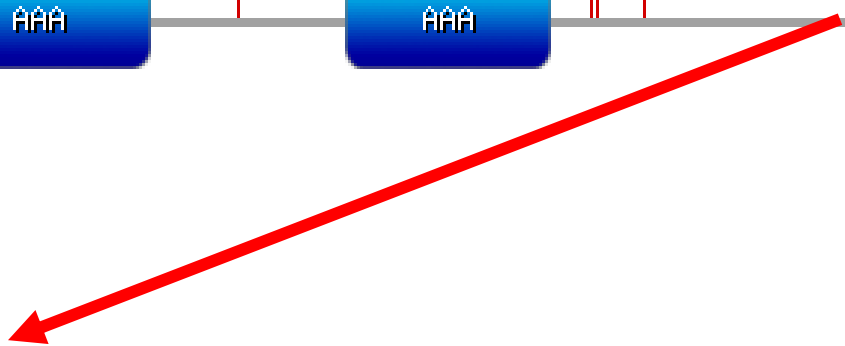
Identify candidate sites with NetPhos 2.0

Align sites with Clustal Omega

Select sites with high score and conservation



<i>H. sapiens:</i>	GRYR S Q S GE
<i>B. taurus:</i>	GRYR S Q T GE
<i>R. norvegicus:</i>	GRYQ S Q S GE
<i>M. musculus:</i>	GRYR S Q S GE
<i>D. rerio:</i>	TTDE S S S SL
<i>D. melanogaster:</i>	TTRP S LS S AS
<i>C. elegans:</i>	IDQA S IESV
<i>A. thaliana:</i>	KTKP S V S ET
<i>S. cerevisiae:</i>	ETKP S IS S TS



Hypothesis:

Phosphorylation of PEX1 is required for proper tertiary structure and function

Aim 1:

Predict conserved phosphorylation sites

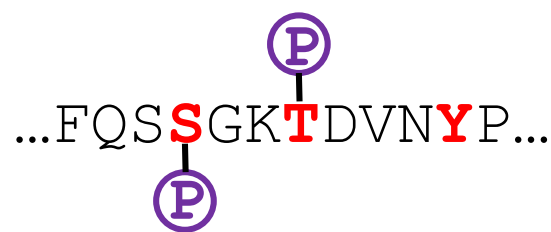
...FQ**SS**GK**T**DV**NY**P...

...FQ**SS**GK**T**DV**NY**P...

...FQL**S**GK**T**DV**NY**P...

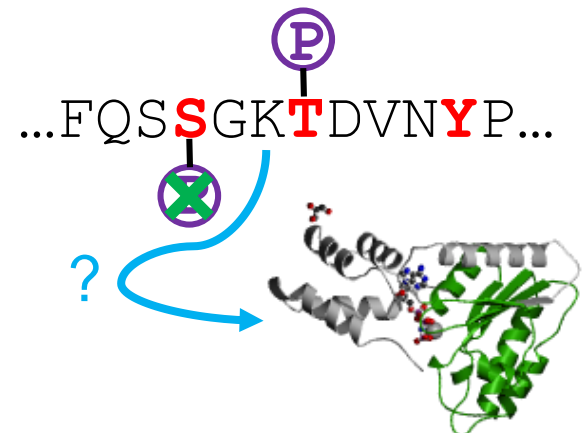
Aim 2:

Determine phosphorylated sites *in vivo*

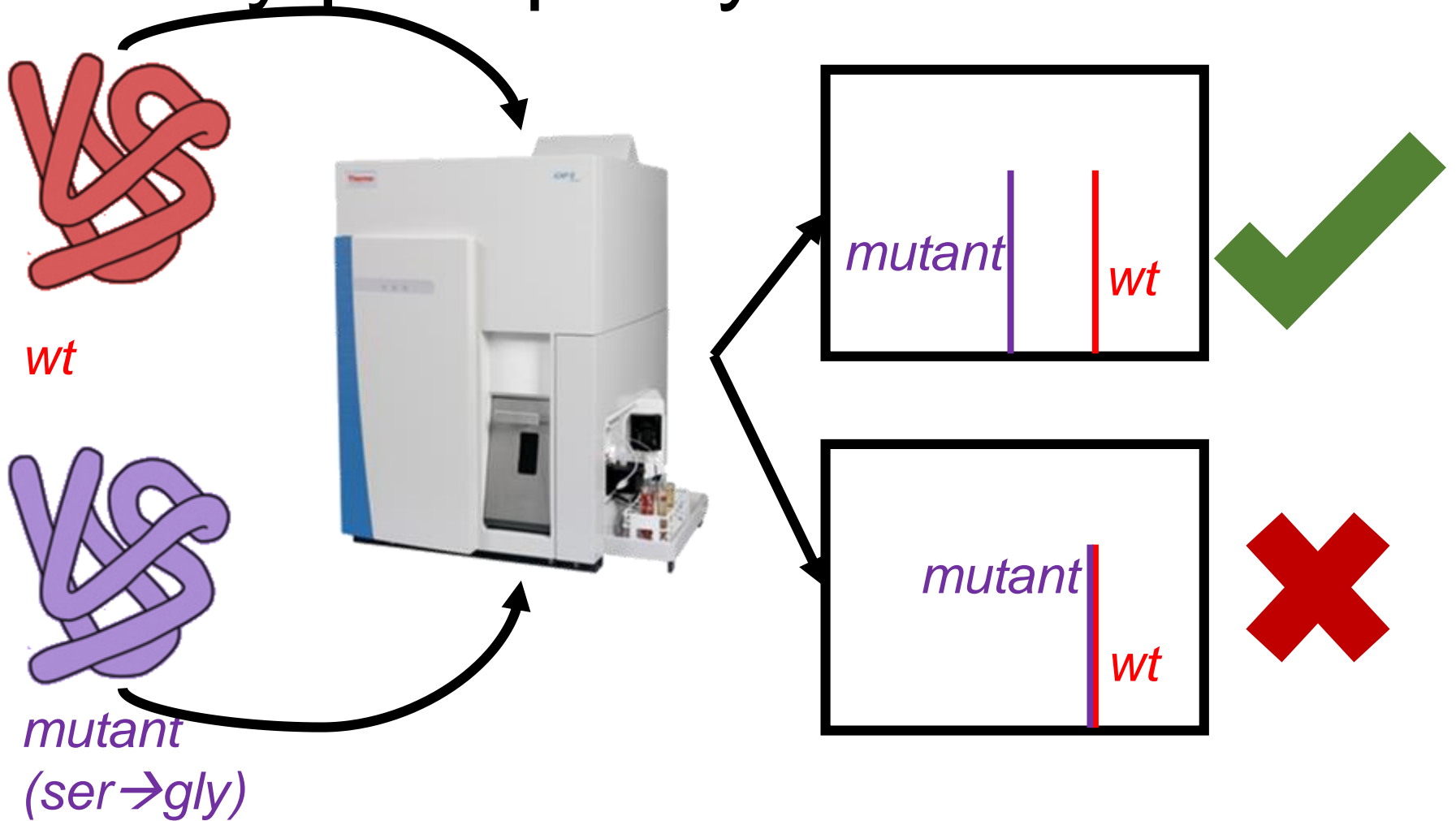


Aim 3:

Determine which phosphorylation sites are required



Aim 2: To determine which sites are actually phosphorylated *in vivo*



Hypothesis:

Phosphorylation of PEX1 is required for proper tertiary structure and function


Aim 1:

Predict conserved phosphorylation sites

...FQ**SS**GK**T**DV**NY**P...
...FQ**SS**GK**T**DV**NY**P...
...FQL**S**GK**T**DV**NY**P...

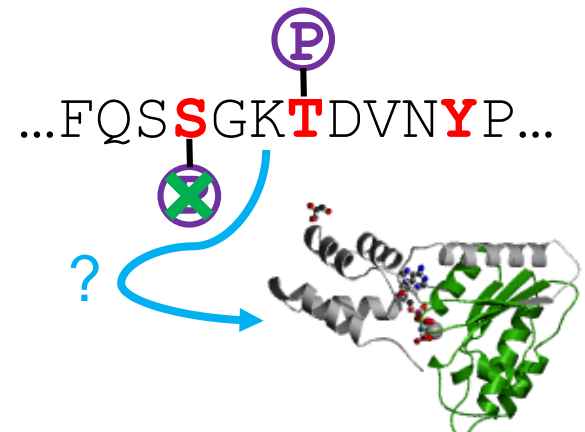
Aim 2:

Determine phosphorylated sites *in vivo*

...FQS**S**GK**T**DV**NY**P...


Aim 3:

Determine which phosphorylation sites are required



Aim 3: To determine which phosphorylation sites are required for PEX1 function



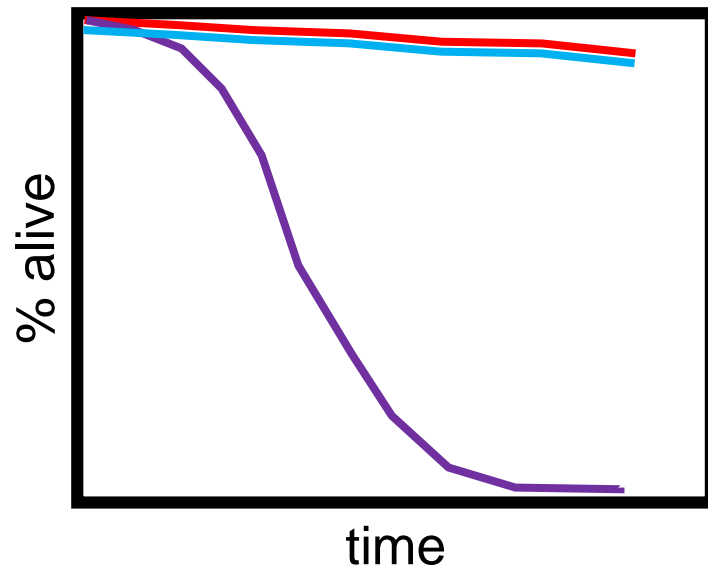
phosphorylation mutants

wt

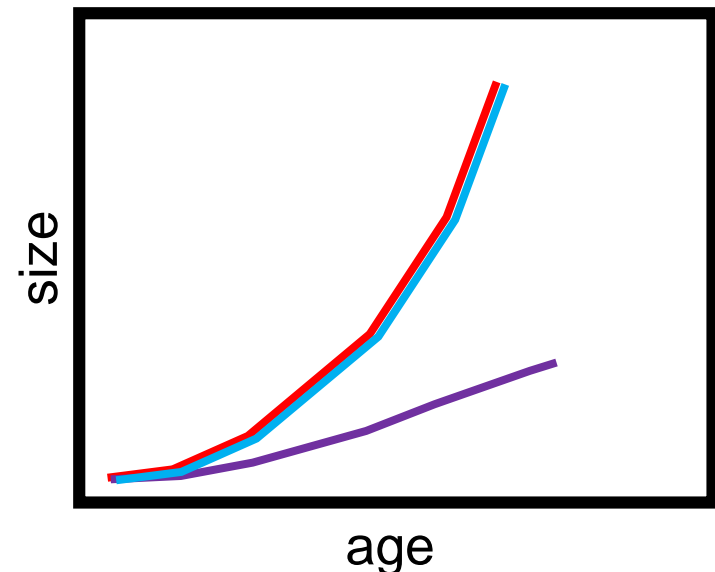
m/+

m/m

Survival



Growth

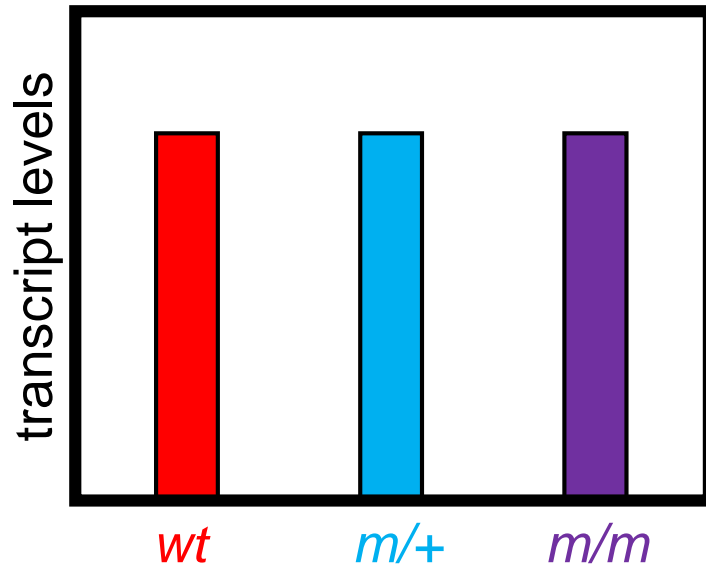


Aim 3: To determine which phosphorylation sites are required for PEX1 function

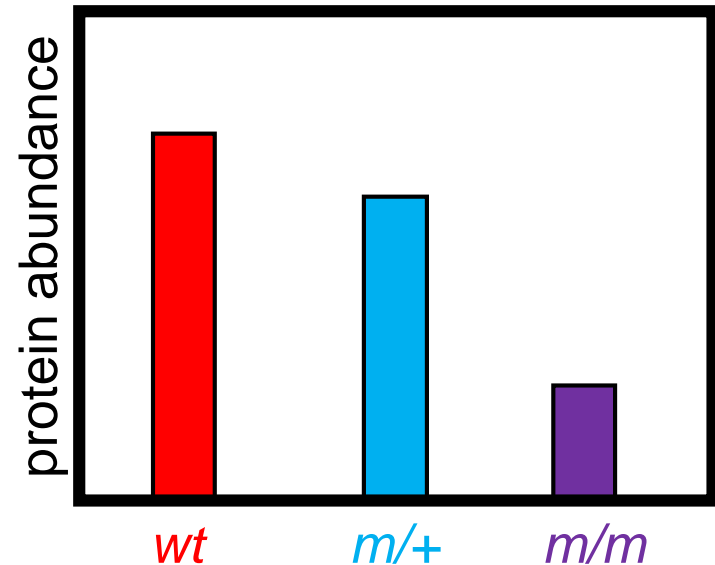


phosphorylation mutants

PEX1 transcripts



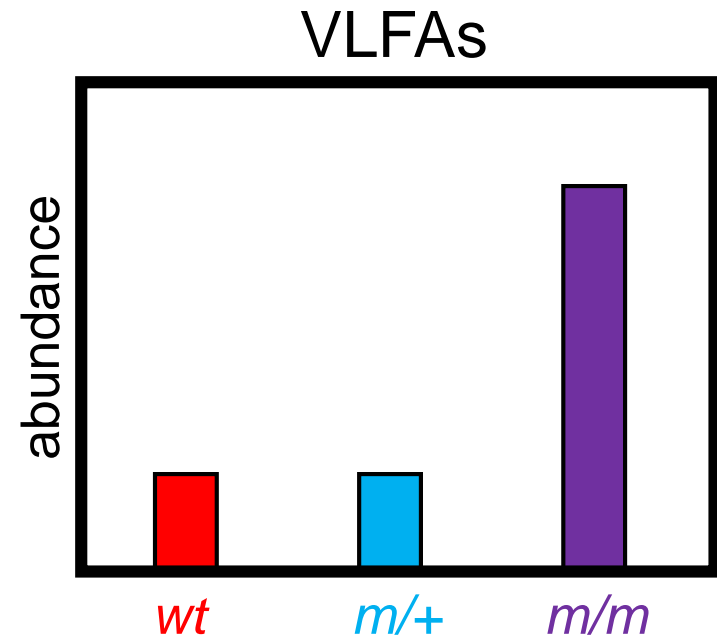
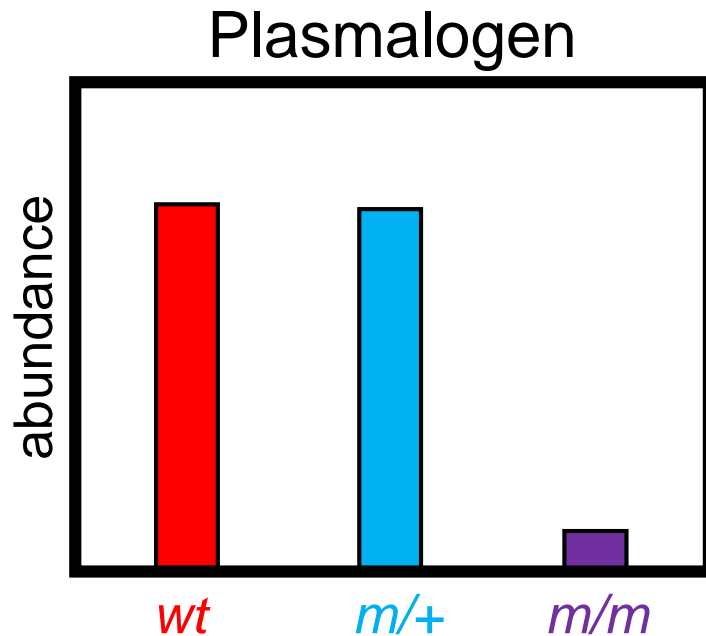
PEX1 abundance



Aim 3: To determine which phosphorylation sites are required for PEX1 function



phosphorylation mutants

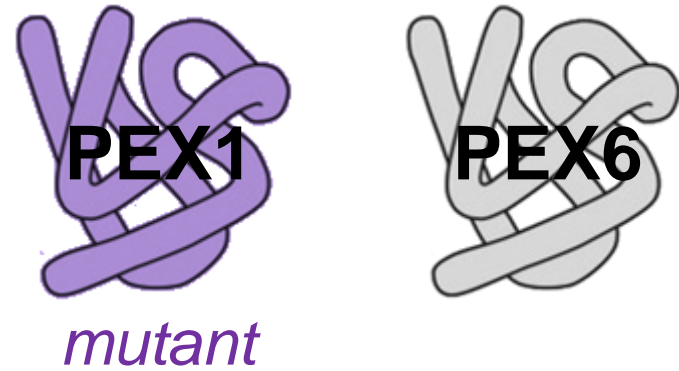


Future Directions



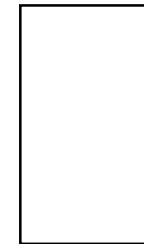
Co-IP: pull
down PEX1

lysate, α -PEX6

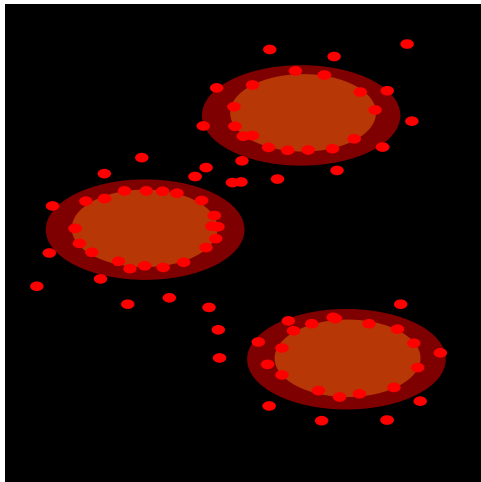
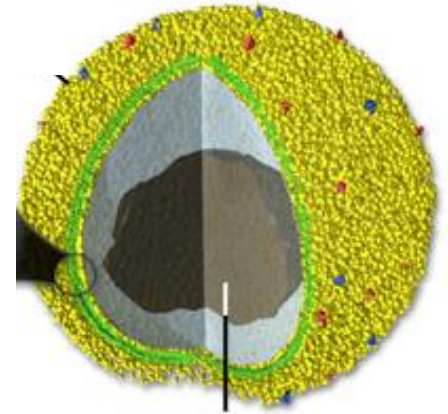
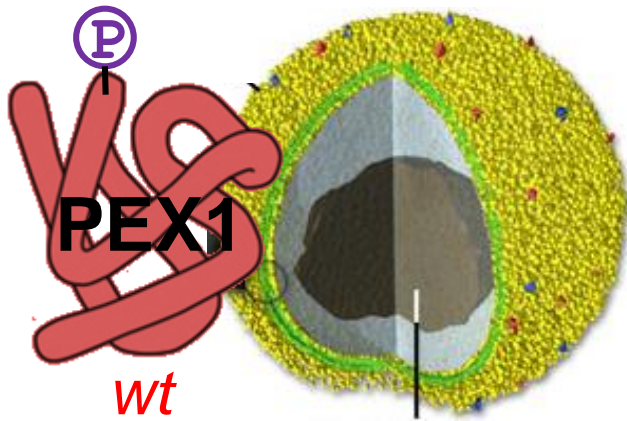


Co-IP: pull
down PEX1

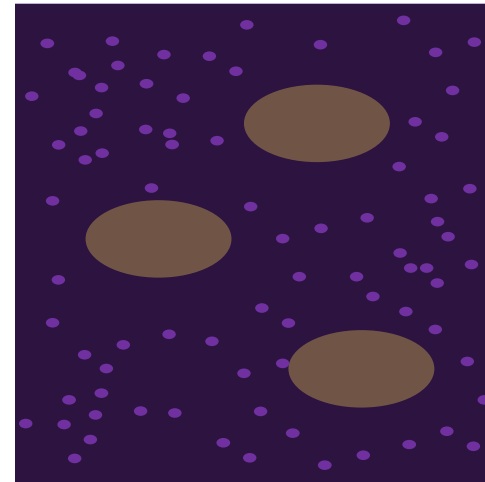
lysate, α -PEX6



Future Directions



peroxisome
 α -PEX1 (*wt*)



peroxisome
 α -PEX1 (*mutant*)

References

Images

Slide 1

Background: <http://www.iatsmartdial.com/2013/10/25/compliant-dialing-its-in-our-dna-how-about-yours/>

Slide 2

Renee Zellweger: http://www.philly.com/philly/blogs/phillygossip/Renee_Zellweger_spends_St_Patricks_Day_in_Jenkintown.html

Babies: faceinhole.com

Slide 3

ZSS Children: <http://thejourneyweareon.blogspot.com/2012/05/faces-of-peroxisomal-biogenesis.html>

Slide 4

Liver: <http://www.hairlossrevolution.com/liver/>

Heart: <http://www.tooop.com/realistic-heart-drawing/realistic-heart-drawing/>

Kidney: <http://www.sclerodermasociety.co.uk/Theheartandscleroderma1.php>

Brain: http://www.clipartfree.net/vector/small/brain_in_profile_Clipart_Free.png

Slide 5

Cell: <http://thefollyofhumanconceits.wordpress.com/tag/science/>

Peroxisome: <http://micro.magnet.fsu.edu/cells/peroxisomes/peroxisomes.html>

Myelin sheath: <http://www.babymassagecentre.co.uk/apps/blog/>

Slide 6

N-terminal tertiary structure: <http://pfam.sanger.ac.uk/structure/1WLF>

AAA ATPase tertiary structure: <http://pfam.sanger.ac.uk/structure/1D2N>

Chromosomal location: <http://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/gene/PEX1>

Domain builder: <http://prosite.expasy.org/cgi-bin/prosite/mydomains/>

Peroxisome: <http://micro.magnet.fsu.edu/cells/peroxisomes/peroxisomes.html>

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Peroxisome import: <http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0925443912000932>

Interaction network: http://string-db.org/newstring.cgi/show_network_section.pl

References

Slide 8

Domain builder: <http://prosite.expasy.org/cgi-bin/prosite/mydomains/>

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Domain builder: <http://prosite.expasy.org/cgi-bin/prosite/mydomains/>

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AAA ATPase tertiary structure: <http://pfam.sanger.ac.uk/structure/1D2N>

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Phosphorylation site graph: <http://www.cbs.dtu.dk/services/NetPhos/>

Domain builder: <http://prosite.expasy.org/cgi-bin/prosite/mydomains/>

Slide 12

Renee: http://www.salon.com/2013/02/12/is_there_such_a_thing_as_an_oscar_curse/

Cow: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Bos_taurus_taurus_frontalview.JPG

Rat: <http://genome-mirror.duhs.duke.edu/cgi>

[-bin/hgGateway?hgsid=3253225&clade=other&org=Rat&db=0](http://genome-mirror.duhs.duke.edu/cgi-bin/hgGateway?hgsid=3253225&clade=other&org=Rat&db=0)

Mouse: http://bioweb.uwlax.edu/bio203/s2009/smith_meg2/

Zebrafish: http://www.watergardenersinternational.org/fish/danio_rerio.html

Fly: [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Drosophila_melanogaster_-_front_\(aka\).jpg](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Drosophila_melanogaster_-_front_(aka).jpg)

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[-evolution-through-genetic-mutation-in-plants/](http://blogs.scientificamerican.com/observations/2010/01/01/good-mutations-stalking)

Yeast: <http://earthemphases.com/key-research-articles/a-new-biological-test-utilising-the-yeast>

[-saccharomyces-cerevisiae-for-the-rapid-detection-of-toxic-substances-in-water/](http://earthemphases.com/key-research-articles/a-new-biological-test-utilising-the-yeast)

Slide 13

AAA ATPase tertiary structure: <http://pfam.sanger.ac.uk/structure/1D2N>

Slide 14

Protein: <http://www.ib.bioninja.com.au/higher-level/topic-7-nucleic-acids-and/75-proteins.html>

Spectrometer: <http://www.tcd.ie/Geology/news/articles/2012/mass-spec.php>

Slide 15

AAA ATPase tertiary structure: <http://pfam.sanger.ac.uk/structure/1D2N>

References

Slide 16-18

Mouse: http://bioweb.uwlax.edu/bio203/s2009/smith_meg2/

Fly: http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Drosophila_melanogaster

Slide 19-20

Peroxisome: <http://micro.magnet.fsu.edu/cells/peroxisomes/peroxisomes.html>

Protein: <http://www.ib.bioninja.com.au/higher-level/topic-7-nucleic-acids-and/75-proteins.html>

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<<http://www.ninds.nih.gov/disorders/zellweger/zellweger.htm>>.

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[4] "Myelin." National Multiple Sclerosis Society. Web. 24 Jan. 2014. <<http://www.nationalmssociety.org/about-multiple-sclerosis/what-we-know-about-ms/what-is-ms/myelin/index.aspx>>.

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